an high Countenance of another man's Goods, and Profits of the said Tenements and Chattels, till the said Creditors shall be bound to take a small parcel of their Debt, and release the remnant; (2) it is ordained and assented, that if it be found that such Gifts be so made by Collusion, that the said Creditors shall have Execution of the said Tenements and Chattels, as if no such Gift had been made.

grant countenance dautry biens & des profitz des ditz terres & chateux tanque les ditz creditours serront molt leez deprender une petite parcelle de lour dettes & relesser le remanant ordeigne est & assentuz qe si purra estre trovez qe tielz douns soient issint faitz par collusion qe les ditz creditours aient execucion des ditz tenementz & chateux auxi avant come nul tiel doun nent euste este faite.

Rast. 197. Dyer, 295. Fitz. Execution, 58, 108. 2 R. 2, c. 3. 3 H. 7, c. 4. 13 El. c. 5.

Where a man made a gift of his lands, tenements, and chattels to defraud his creditors, and the collusion was found, it was held that the tenements and goods *should, under this Statute, be put in execution as if no 181 such gift had been made; the gift being to "the use and behoof" of another did not alter the matter; for the property could not be changed by these words, the law before being that a gift of goods to the donor's use should not be good, but the property was immediately in the donee, Lyte v. Perry, Dy. 49 b; Butler & Baker's case, 3 Rep. 26 b. and see also many cases, &c. against fraudulent gifts of lands and chattels, Dy. 295 a. and note to 13 Eliz. c. 5, infra.

STATUTES

Made at Westminster the first year of the Reign of King Richard II. after the Conquest of England, in the year of our Lord God 1377.

CAP. XII.

A Prisoner by Judgment shall not be let at large. Confession of a Debt to the King to delay another's Execution.

Item, Whereas divers people, at the Suit of the Party a suyte de partie comandez commanded to the Prison of a la prisone de Flete par juge-